Epping Forest District Council Corporate Risk Register

Date: 22 June 2017

Contents

Section		Page No.
1.	Introduction	3
2.	The Process	4
Appendix 1	Risk Profile	6
Appendix 2	Corporate Risk Register /Action Plans	7 - 19

1. Introduction

A strategic risk management 'refresh' exercise was conducted on 15th May 2013 with assistance from Zurich Risk Engineering. This exercise was an opportunity for the Management Board to refresh (or update) through identification, analysis and prioritisation those risks that may affect the ability of the Council to achieve its strategic objectives and Corporate Plan. In doing so, the organisation is recognising the need to sustain risk management at the highest level.

The refresh exercise involved a workshop with Management Board to identify new business risk areas and to update and re-profile important risks from the existing corporate risk register.

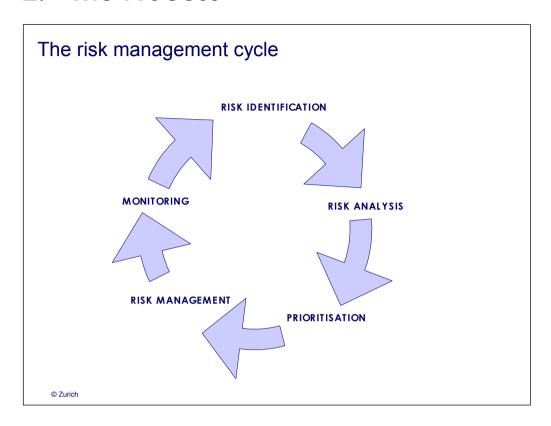
In total 8 strategic risks were profiled at the workshop and during the workshop, each risk was discussed to ensure common agreement and understanding of its description and then prioritised on a matrix. The risk matrix measured each risk for its likelihood and its impact in terms of its potential for affecting the ability of the organisation to achieve its objectives.

For the risks that were assessed with higher likelihood and impact, the group validated the risk scenarios and determined actions to manage them, including assessing the adequacy of existing actions and identifying the need for further actions in order to move the risk down the matrix.

Management Board agreed a timescale for re-visiting these risks in order to assess if they are still relevant and to identify new scenarios. Risks in the red zone will be monitored on a monthly basis and those in the amber zone on a quarterly basis.

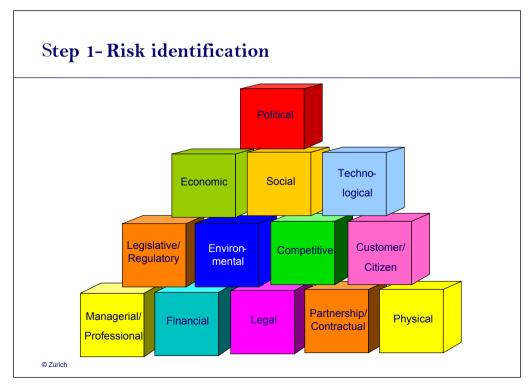
The following report outlines the process utilised by Zurich Risk Engineering and the results achieved.

2. The Process



Risk identification

The first of five stages of the risk management cycle requires risk identification. This formed the initial part of the workshop. In doing so the following 13 categories of risk were considered.



Risk analysis

During the workshop, the identified risks were discussed and framed into a risk scenario format, containing risk cause and consequence elements, with a 'trigger' also identified, This format ensured that the full nature of the risk was considered and also helped with the prioritisation of the risks.

Risk prioritisation

The discussion resulted in 8 risk scenarios being agreed (Appendix 2) and these were then assessed for impact and likelihood and plotted onto a matrix (Appendix 1). The likelihood of the risks was measured as being 'very high', 'high', 'medium', or 'low/very low'. The impact, compared against the key objectives and Corporate Plan was measured as being 'major', 'moderate', 'minor' or 'insignificant'.

Once all risks had been plotted the matrix was overlaid with red, amber and green filters, with those risks in the red area requiring further particular scrutiny in the short-term, followed by those in the amber area.

Risk management and monitoring

The next stage is to monitor the revised management action plans. These plans frame the risk management actions that are required. They map out the target for each risk i.e. to reduce the likelihood, impact or both. They also include targets and critical success factors to allow the risk management action to be monitored.

A risk owner has been identified for each risk. It is vital that each risk should be owned by a member of Management Board to ensure that there is high level support, understanding and monitoring of the work that is required as part of the plans. Risks should also be reviewed as part of the business planning process, in order to assess if they are still relevant and to identify new issues.

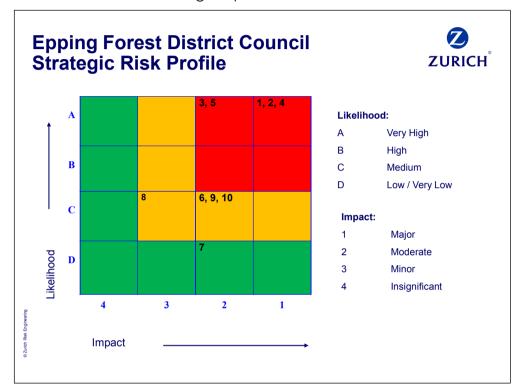
The monitoring of these action plans takes place at Corporate Governance Group, Management Board and the Risk Management Group. The action plans are also reported to Members quarterly.

As part of the regular review and reporting an additional risk on Safeguarding was added to the register in January 2014. The most recent addition was a risk covering various aspects of Housing Capital Finance and this was added in June 2015.

Appendix 1 – Risk Profile

Risk profile

During the workshop, 8 risks were identified and framed into scenarios. The results are shown on the following risk profile.



Appendix 2 details all of the above risks.

It is important that an action plan element is written for each of the risks, with particular focus on those with the highest priority, as it is this which will allow them to be monitored and successfully managed down.

An opportunity was also taken as part of this refresh to 'spring clean' the risk numbers, and they were numbered in priority order as follows:

Risk number	Short name
1	Local plan
2	Strategic sites
3	Welfare reform
4	Finance – income
5	Economic development
6	Data/information
7	Business continuity
8	Partnerships
9	Safeguarding
10	Housing Capital

.

Appendix 2 – Corporate Risk Register and Action Plans

Risk No 1 Local Plan A1	-		
Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk Owner
On-going changes to Planning system increase importance of having up to date Local Plan, in particular, Central Government's announcement that Local Authorities must complete by 2017 or face sanctions	Failure to make timely decisions and adhere to Local Development Scheme Project Plan.	Reduced ability to manage development in line with local priorities and provide strategic direction. Possible Government intervention through designation as a failing authority, loss of control over the local plan process and loss of new homes bonus.	Derek Macnab
Changes in government planning policy require new Local Plan to take approaches significantly different from predecessors e.g. Duty to Cooperate, release Green Belt.	Failure of Council to approve a draft plan in line with National Planning Policy Framework.	Plan not "sound", leading to further delay, wasted resources, and vulnerability to planning appeal decisions.	
Difficulties in implementing "Duty to Co-operate" may make it difficult or impossible to achieve "sound" Local Plan in timely fashion	Inability to agree, particularly on amount and distribution of objectively assessed development needs.	As above	
Particular vulnerability to delay in approvals from Highways England on strategic modelling delay ability to understand impacts of delivering to objectively assessed need levels.	Failure to make timely decisions on Preferred Approach plan due to lack of required information	As above	
Protracted process of achieving local highway modelling	As above	As above	
Failure to make timely progress increases likelihood of "planning by appeal"	Failure to adhere to Local Development Scheme leads to developers making significant planning applications in advance of new Plan.	Significant diversion of professional resources to appeals. Risk of costs awards against Council.	
Planning policy recruitment and retention issues. Not considering alternative options of delivering work i.e outsourcing.	Inability to fill vacancies.	Delays in achieving timetable.	

Risk No 1 Local Plan -	Action Plan					
Existing Controls/actions to address risk	Effectiveness of controls/actions	Required further management action	Responsibility for action	Critical success factors and measures	Review frequency	Key date
Project management approach in place including regular updates, resource planning.	Project plan needs to incorporate more time for political engagement at key decision points.	Agree mechanisms and timing with lead members, incorporate in revised project plan	Derek Macnab	Future adherence to project plan.	MB review 6 weekly	None – process ongoing.
Local Development Scheme revised March 2017.	Local Development Scheme adopted by Cabinet 9 March 2017.	Review progress against key milestones.	Derek Macnab	Local Development Scheme remains robust	As necessary	
Workshops for EFDC and Town/Parish councillors on key issues to enhance awareness and understanding of new government requirements.	Workshops popular and helpful.	Supplement workshops with other forms of briefing to EFDC members as agreed with leading members.	Derek Macnab	Timely decision making in line with project plan.	As necessary	
Engagement with other key stakeholders e.g. ad hoc meetings with Town/Parish councils, Resident Associations and website, making positive use of external PR firm.	Utilising existing mechanisms including Local Council Liaison Committee. Intensive engagement takes place in lead up to formal consultations. Ongoing discussions being had around Neighbourhood Plans.	Assess responses to consultation.	Derek Macnab	Stakeholders feel well informed about process and decisions. Informed responses to public consultation.	As necessary	

Risk No 1 Local Plan -	Risk No 1 Local Plan – Action Plan								
Existing Controls/actions to address risk	Effectiveness of controls/actions	Required further management action	Responsibility for action	Critical success factors and measures	Review frequency	Key date			
Systematic approach to Duty to Co-operate, engaging public bodies and developing Memorandum of	Difficulties and delay in engaging councils in serious discussion re MoU, however progress now being made.	Important that key decisions do not precede Duty to Co-operate i.e. "fait accompli"- Group is	Derek Macnab	Submitted plan passes legal test of Duty to Cooperate.	MB review six weekly	Officer Meetings – monthly now underway.			

Derek Macnab

Pursuit of MoU with Natural England regarding the effect of development on Epping Forest. Intention to extend MoU outside of SHMA Area to include neighbouring London Boroughs.

Understanding (MoU) with key

Housing Market Area (SHMA).

councils in the Strategic

Consistent close working with Essex County Council through relevant structures, and individual officers

Consultants in place to support project management, resource planning, Sustainability Assessment, transport modelling, master planning. IR35 Regulations from 7 April complicating and compounding recruitment of consultants.

progress now being made. Meetings held with most other key bodies with positive outcomes, issues identified. Constant review of Planning Inspectorate local plan decisions re Duty to Cooperate.

Effect as yet unknown

ECC and Highways England regular attendees at Co-op Member and Officer meetings.

Staff cannot be prevented from leaving. Exit interviews should reveal any specific patterns. Market is picking up, making recruitment more difficult. EFDC is not offering the most competitive salaries compared to other Essex and London authorities.

'fait accompli"- Group is exploring additional items to be included on discussion agenda. Engage further key bodies e.g. Lee Valley Regional Park. Discuss informally with

necessary. Invitation now extended to additional partners. Work to review outcomes of draft MoU has commenced.

Planning Inspectorate as

Ongoing review of Derek Macnab strategy by senior planners and Management Board. Scrutiny Function to be undertaken by Neighbourhood Select Committee.

Governance arrangements agreed. "Duty to Co-operate" Member meetings now ongoing.

Review and agreement As above of wider area MoU to include agreed

No delays to timetable due to staffing gaps or lack of critical skills

mitigating actions.

Risk No 2 Strategic Site	es A1						
Vulnerability		Trigger		Consequence			Risk Owner
needs to make the right decision deliver on those decisions.	The Council has a number of Strategic sites which it needs to make the right decisions about and then deliver on those decisions. One key individual is driving forward the projects.		nising the opportunity of the sites either through or delivery.	 Financial viability of Council harmed Lack of economic development and job creation External criticism Project delayed or mismanaged 			Derek Macnab
Existing Controls/actions to address risk	Effectivenes controls/acti		Required further management action	Responsibility for action	Critical success factors and measures	Review frequency	Key date
Work on strategic sites is co- ordinated through a dedicated Cabinet Committee.	Work is progressing developing a number 1. Winston Church now nearly completed 2. St Johns, work progressing on tri-pagreement with devand Town Council; 3. Langston Road, completion mid-Junileases signed on milarge units; 4. Waltham Abbey Centre; a detailed papplication has been submitted; 5. Pyrles Lane Nurs DDMC granted conthe redevelopment in February 2016.	er of sites: ill, works ee; artite veloper practical ee and ost of Leisure blanning n	Reports to Cabinet Committee and Cabinet to obtain decisions on development options. Identification of alternative Housing depot and re- location. Meeting arranged with Highway Authority. Obtain detailed planning consent. Produce marketing strategy.	Derek Macnab	Development of strategic sites completed in accordance with Cabinet decisions.	Monthly	None

Vulnerability		Trigger		Consequence			Risk Owner
savings from the overall welfare bill. This will detri			eform changes have a al effect on the Council and y	 Tenants no longer able to afford current/new tenancies. Increase in evictions and homelessness Increased costs of temporary accommodation Unable to secure similar level of income due to payment defaults Increase in rent arrears Public dissatisfaction Criticism of the Council for not mitigating the effects for residents. 			Alan Hall
Existing Controls /actions to address risk	Effectivenes controls/act		Required further management action	Responsibility for action	Critical success factors and measures	Review frequency	Key date
Joint Benefits and Housing working group established. Mitigation action plan developed.	Two thirds of the actions have been implemented and the remaining actions are in abeyance pending Government announcements on Universal Credit.		Working Group to continue and amend mitigation action plan as necessary.	Alan Hall	A smooth implementation of welfare reforms. Minimise number and cost of redundancies.	Monthly	Start date for full version of universal credit still unclear.

Vulnerability		Trigger		Consequence			Risk Owner	
changes in responsibilities and financing. Despite four year settlements being in place further reductions still likely.		income du services,	secure required level of ue to reduced demand for changes in legislation or change in funding ms.	 Council unable to meet budget requirements Staffing and service level reductions Increase Council Tax Increase in charges Greater use of reserves if required net savings not achieved Higher level of saving in subsequent years. 			Bob Palmer	
Existing Controls /actions to address risk	Effectivenes controls/acti	• • •	Required further management action	Responsibility for action	Critical success factors and measures	Review frequency	Key date	
Monitoring of key income streams and NDR tax base. Savings opportunities pursued through service reviews and corporate restructure.	Effective to date as have been achieved meet the financial to by Members.	d that	Update Medium Term Financial Strategy as announcements are made on changes to central funding and welfare. Continue to pursue opportunities to reduce net spending.	Bob Palmer	Savings targets achieved with net expenditure reductions over the medium term as part of a structured plan.	Monthly	20 July, update Medium Term Financial Strategy.	

Risk No 5 Economic Devel	opment A2						
Vulnerability	•	Trigger		Consequence			Risk Owner
Economic development and employment is very important, particularly in the current economic climate. The Council needs to be able to provide opportunities for economic development and employment (especially youth employment) in the District.			erforms relatively poorly d to other authorities.	 Unable to secure sufficient opportunities Local area and people lose out Insufficient inward investment Impact on economic vitality of area Loss of revenue 			Derek Macnab
Existing Controls/actions to address risk	Effectiveness of controls/actions		Required further management action	Responsibility for action	Critical success factors and measures	Review frequency	Key date
Members have agreed the key objectives to be delivered by the Economic Development Strategy. Work on final strategy has paused pending outcome of further evidence work e.g. Employment/Visitor Economy being undertaken as part of the Local Plan. Economic Development Team fully staffed.	Too early to determine effectiveness.		Amend and update following consultation on Local Plan.	Derek Macnab	Growth in NDR tax base and employment opportunities. Council to be viewed as punching above its weight.	Monthly	None
Employment Study for Local Plan nearing completion.	Awaiting Final Con Report.	sultants	Member Workshop dates agreed to consider outcomes of study. Agreement on potential distribution of employment land required between partners in the Functional Economic Market Area.	Derek Macnab	Employment allocation in Reg. 19 submission, considered sound at Examination in Public.	Monthly	July 2017

Vulnerability		Trigger		Consequence		Risk Owner	
The Authority handles a large amount of personal and business data. Either through hacking or carelessness, security of the data could be compromised.		Data held by the Council ends up in inappropriate hands.		 Breach of corporate governance Increased costs and legal implications Reputation damaged 			Colleen O'Boyle
Existing Controls/actions to address risk	Effectivenes controls/acti		Required further management action	Responsibility for action	Critical success factors and measures	Review frequency	Key date
Updated Data Protection policy agreed by Corporate Governance Group and rolling out through meta-compliance. Data Protection formed part of Member induction from May 2014, with requirement to confirm acceptance of the Council's DP policy. Consolidation of Data Protection and Freedom of Information work in one area. Security Officer is continually monitoring situation and potential risks. Most systems have in built controls to prevent unauthorised access. Controls in systems have been strengthened in response to specific occurrences.	Generally effective with no significant la far in 2017/18.		Update F.O.I. publication scheme and guide to information. New system for handling F.O.I. requests purchased and being implemented. Review after six months for extension to Data Protection. Data sharing and fair processing notices to be reviewed and standardised. Maintain GCSx compliance and system controls. A working group is reviewing data held by Directorates to eliminate duplication and any inadvertent Data Protection issues. The group is also looking at changes necessary for implementing GDPR.	Colleen O'Boyle	Continued security of personal data held by the Council in accordance with the Data Protections Act 1998. No criticism from the ICO over how requests are handled. No data loss or system downtime due to unauthorised access of EFDC systems or data.	Quarterly	None

Risk No 7 Business Cor	ntinuity D2						
Vulnerability		Trigger		Consequence			Risk Owner
The Council is required to develop and implement robust Business Continuity Plans in line with the requirements of the Civil Contingencies Act. Following the consolidation into four directorates plans need to be updated and changes in responsibilities confirmed.		Unable to respond effectively to a business continuity incident (e.g. IT virus/flu pandemic)		 Services disrupted / Loss of service Possible loss of income Staff absence Hardship for some of the community Council criticised for not responding effectively 			Derek Macnab
Existing Controls/actions to address risk	Effectiveness of controls/actions		Required further management action	Responsibility for action	Critical success factors and measures	Review frequency	Key date
Most services already have business continuity plans in place and a separate flu pandemic plan has been developed. The Corporate Plan has been updated and adopted.	The effectiveness of is assessed periodic through test and ex	cally	Guidance to be issued to services on updating plans. Arrange periodic tests and exercises.	Derek Macnab	Having plans in place which are proved fit for purpose either by events or external scrutiny.	Quarterly	None

Vulnerability		Trigger		Consequence		Risk Owner	
agency partnerships e.g. LSP - LEP, and these		provided v	ership fails or services via arrangements lacking governance.	 Relationships Claw back of Unforeseen a Council Censure by a Adverse impa 	Glen Chipp		
Existing Controls/actions to address risk	Effectiveness of controls/actions		Required further management action	Responsibility for action	Critical success factors and measures	Review frequency	Key date
Active participation in key partnerships by appropriate officers/Members. Structured reporting back to designated Select Committee. Members can request	No significant issues to date. However, some concern exists about the working of the North Essex Parking Partnership. Internal Audit conducted an		Continue existing monitoring procedures for current partnerships and construct appropriate arrangements for any new partnerships. Service areas need to	Glen Chipp	No significant impacts on service delivery or Council reputation from any partnership failures.	Quarterly	None
representatives on outside bodies to report to Full Council.	audit of partnership gave a rating of sub assurance.		ensure their own risk registers cover any significant partnerships they are involved with.				

Risk No 9 Safeguarding C2			
Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequence	Risk Owner
The Council needs to demonstrate its ability to meet its duties under Sections 11 and 47 of the Children Act 2004 and the Care Act 2014, which refer to adults with needs for care and support. This includes a specific responsibility for safeguarding adults from self-neglect.	The Council fails to meet its duties in regard to safeguarding children, young people and adults with needs for care and support.	 A child, young person or vulnerable adult suffers significant harm A child, young person or vulnerable adult suffers from exploitation Avoidable death of a child, young person or vulnerable adult living in the District Reputational risk for Council Censure and special measures applied 	Alan Hall

Risk No 9 Safeguarding	g - Action Plan					
Existing Controls/ actions to address risk	Effectiveness of controls/actions	Required further management action	Responsibility for action	Critical success factors and measures	Review frequency	Key date
The Council has a Safeguarding Policy (2015), which is updated in line with new legislation. The policy details what is required of all staff and Elected Members and is supported by a set of procedures which set out the process for recording safeguarding concerns, incidents and allegations.	The Council has reduced the risk of safeguarding issues going unnoticed by staff and Elected Members by providing a range of training and production of the new Policy and procedures in 2015.	Leadership Team and Managers to continue to promote vigilance amongst staff. The Council needs to ensure timely response to changes in legislation or local procedures.	Alan Hall	The Council meets all of its duties under Section 11 and 47. The Council meets the new duties of the Care Act 2014. The Council fully meets all aspects of the ESCB/ESAB Safeguarding self -	Monthly	ESCB (Safeguarding Children) Audit to be submitted
A corporate Safeguarding Group ensures sharing of best practice and information across Directorates and enables the identification of any weaknesses in the Council's work.	This group has become an effective forum for sharing of best practice and commitment from all Directorates is shown.	Directorates need to continue to commit time for representatives to attend the Corporate Working Group.		assessment.		October 2017.
Council policies have been developed for all new and emerging safeguarding issues such as Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE). A Safeguarding Strategy and Action Plan has been adopted by Cabinet.	Several of these policies have been used across Essex as examples of best practice. The Safeguarding Strategy and Action Plan set out the areas requiring further improvement.	An ongoing rolling programme of training needs to be in place, to update and refresh staff and Elected Member awareness in the new and emerging issues.				
The Safeguarding Officer and part time Admin. Posts have now been included in the establishment.	These posts have enabled a Safeguarding 'Hub', which all EFDC safeguarding issues are filtered through. The number of concerns identified in the last year has increased significantly.					
Nursery Worker Accommodation Task Group established.		The group has developed an action plan which is submitted to Management Board.				

Vulnerability		Trigger Consequence				Risk Owne	
receipts in set timescale on qualifying capital schemes we will have to pay the money to the Government along with interest at a penalty rate. Changes to legislation which reduce income to the		planning p site proble	n of further restrictions on	 Loss of capital resources Revenues cost of penalty interest Loss of rental income Delays in provision of new social housing Increase in housing waiting list Current 30 year business plan may become unsustainable. 			Alan Hall
The Government is introducing enants of housing associations he forced sales of Council propoecome void. The initial pilot is 2017/18 with funding from the Thappen beyond 2017/18 remain	financed through erties as they being expanded in reasury. What will	which req	n of right to buy scheme uires the disposal of a large n of the Council's void				
Existing Controls/actions to address risk	Effectiveness of controls/actions		Required further management action	Responsibility for action	Critical success factors and measures	Review frequency	Key date
Position being monitored by the House Building Cabinet Committee and a number of contingency options are available including purchasing on the open market.	Effective to date.		Continue close monitoring of financial position. Keeping Members fully informed of the potential consequences of their actions.	Alan Hall	Loss of right to buy receipts is minimised.	Monthly	Ongoing
The Council belongs to the Association of Retained Council Housing which lobbies	Too early to comment yet as the policy is still being developed.		Monitor policy development/announcem ents and participate in	Alan Hall	No loss of Council properties to support right to buy for HA	Monthly	

lobbying if appropriate.

on such issues.

tenants.